## **Erratum**

Following advice from the University of Queensland's Institute for Social Science Research that they were unable to replicate some of the findings reported in Table 7.4 of the report, a review of the computer programs used to produce the table revealed some coding errors. The corrected Table 7.4 is presented below. Importantly, contrary to the findings presented in the report, the models show that graduates of Go8 universities do not earn significantly less than graduates of ATN universities, holding other factors constant. Further, female graduates of IRU universities, male graduates of RUN universities, and male and female graduates of 'other' Australian universities are now found to earn significantly less than Go8 graduates. There are no significant differences between earnings of graduates of Go8, ATN and overseas universities (controlling for other factors).

Thanks are due to the Institute for Social Science Research at the University of Queensland, and in particular Professor Mark Western, Dr Art Martinez, Dr Wojciech Tomaszewski and Dr Tina Rampino, for bringing this to my attention.

Roger Wilkins

16 September 2015

Corrected version of Table 7.4: Effects of education on employment and earnings, 2012

	Emn	Employed		Employed full-time		Log weekly earnings of full-time employees	
	Males	Females	Males	Females	Males	Females	
Base models		remaies		. ca.cs		remaies	
Educational attainment (Reference category: Year 11 a	nd below)						
Master's degree or doctorate	0.054	0.063+	0.098	0.100	0.541	0.429	
Graduate diploma or certificate	0.006+	0.088	0.051+	0.066	0.492	0.354	
Bachelor's degree	0.023+	0.090	0.035+	0.044+	0.460	0.338	
Diploma or advanced diploma	0.032	0.085	0.073	0.114	0.307	0.098	
Certificate Level 3 or 4	0.033	0.118	0.060	0.040+	0.210	0.008+	
Year 12	0.010+	0.072	0.016+	0.057	0.218	0.152	
Type of university (Reference category: Group of 8 (Go	8))						
Australian Technology Network (ATN)	0.092	0.052+	0.059+	0.046+	0.064+	-0.007+	
Innovation Research Universities (IRU)	0.066+	0.032+	0.033+	0.025+	-0.066+	-0.173	
Regional Universities Network (RUN)	0.007+	0.009+	0.026+	0.066+	-0.328	-0.050+	
Other Australian university	0.099	0.068+	0.081	0.083	-0.099	-0.108	
Overseas university	-0.006+	0.049+	0.012+	0.097	-0.061+	-0.050+	
Constant	-	-	-	-	6.833	6.692	
Controlling for cognitive ability							
Educational attainment (Reference category: Year 11 a	nd below)						
Master's degree or doctorate	0.038+	0.038+	0.091	0.082+	0.493	0.398	
Graduate diploma or certificate	-0.007+	0.059+	0.047+	0.050+	0.447	0.329	
Bachelor's degree	0.010+	0.062	0.029+	0.025+	0.417	0.317	
Diploma or advanced diploma	0.025+	0.067	0.070	0.102	0.279	0.078	
Certificate Level 3 or 4	0.031	0.108	0.060	0.033+	0.199	0.004+	
Year 12	0.004+	0.060	0.014+	0.049	0.188	0.138	
Type of university (Reference category: Group of 8 (Go	8))						
Australian Technology Network (ATN)	0.102	0.052+	0.064+	0.050+	0.071+	-0.011+	
Innovation Research Universities (IRU)	0.069	0.040+	0.038+	0.032+	-0.064+	-0.164	
Regional Universities Network (RUN)	0.018+	0.015+	0.028+	0.076+	-0.313	-0.040+	
Other Australian university	0.103	0.072	0.082	0.088	-0.096	-0.102	
Overseas university	-0.002+	0.055+	0.008+	0.111	-0.062+	-0.033+	
BDS score	-0.002+	0.014	0.003+	0.014	0.022	0.012	
SDM score	0.002	0.002	0.002	0.002	0.001+	0.000+	
NART–25 score	0.001+	0.003	-0.002+	0.002+	0.004	0.007	
Did not do 1 or more of BDS, SDM and NART-25	0.065	0.100	0.030+	0.129	0.074+	0.110	
Constant	_	_	_	_	6.661	6.547	
Number of persons	4,672	5,157	4,672	5,157	3,030	1,901	

*Notes*: The employment models are estimated by Probit regressions and reported estimates are mean marginal effects. The earnings model is estimated by ordinary least squares regression and the estimates are the regression coefficients. The sample for the employment models is all persons aged 25–59. The sample for the earnings model is full-time employees aged 25–59. All models contain controls for type of institution (university, TAFE or other), age, place of birth and Indigenous status, state of residence, population density of region of residence, disability and English proficiency. The two employment models additionally contain controls for family type and age of youngest dependent child. † indicates estimate is not significantly different from 0 at the 10% level.